## **Overview of Music Progression at Tacolneston and Morley Primary School**

KS1 Skills	Year 1	Year 2	KS2 Skills	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Ideas will overlap between the two			Ideas will overlap between the two year		Ideas will overlap between the two year	
	year groups in places.			groups in places.		groups in places.	
Controlling sounds through singing and playing (Play and Perform)							
Use voices expressively	Use their voices in different ways such as speaking, singing and chanting	Use their voices confidently with expression and creativity. Be able to sing with a sense of shape of the melody. Sing with an awareness of other performers.	Sing songs in unison and two parts	Be able to sing in unison, becoming aware of the pitch and pulse and showing control of rhythm. Sing songs and create different vocal effects.	Be able to sing in unison maintaining the correct pitch and using increasing expression.  Show control of timbre, tempo and dynamics.  Understand how mouth shape can affect vocal sounds.	To sing in unison with clear diction, controlled pitch and sense of phrase. Develop control of breathing, posture and sound projection.	Sing confidently as a class, in small groups and alone, and begin to have an awareness of improvisation with the voice.  Show a good awareness of breathing, posture, sound projection and of their part.
Play tuned and untuned instruments	Be able to create and choose sounds. Perform simple rhythmical patterns, beginning to show an awareness of pulse. Handle and play instruments carefully. Name some musical instruments.	Be able to create and choose sounds for a specific effect. Perform rhythmical patterns and accompaniments, keeping a steady pulse. Handle and play instruments with control. Identify different groups of instruments.	Play tuned and untuned instruments with control and accuracy	Be able to perform simple rhythmic and musical parts, beginning to vary the pitch with a small range of notes. Select instruments to describe visual images.	Be able to play and perform parts with an increasing number of notes, beginning to show musical expression by changing dynamics. Begin to identify melodic phrases and play them by ear.	Be able to play and perform parts in a range of solo and ensemble opportunities, showing increasing accuracy and expression. Begin to control the way that percussion instruments make sounds.	Be able to play and perform with accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Create different effects, using combinations of pitched sounds.  Begin to use ICT to change and manipulate sounds.
Rehearse and perform with others	To have an awareness of others while performing	To think about others while performing	Practise, rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience	To think about others while performing including other performers and the audience.	To think about others while performing, including other performers and the audience.	To maintain their own part and be aware of how the different parts fit together. To think about the audience while they are performing.	To think about the audience when performing and how to create a specific effect.
Creating and developing	ng musical ideas (Create Be able to		Improvice	Po able to create	Be able to create	Be able to create	Po able to compose and
patterns	experiment with different sound sources and different sounds.	Be able to repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns using voices, body percussion and instruments.	Improvise, developing rhythmic and melodic material when performing	Be able to create simple rhythmic patterns that use a small range of notes.	rhythmic and simple melodic patterns using an increased number of notes.  Explore and be able to perform different types of accompaniment.	increasingly complicated rhythmic and melodic phrases within a given structure showing control of the instruments.	Be able to compose and improvise melodic and rhythmic phrases as part of a group performance and compose a soundscape by exploring, selecting and combining

Explore, choose and	Begin to explore	Begin to explore and	Explore, choose,	Be able to begin joining	Be able to join layers of		different sounds to			
organise sounds	how different	chose sounds	combine and	simple layers of sound	sound, thinking about		compose soundscapes.			
and musical ideas	sounds can be	thinking about their	organise musical	such as a melody and a	musical dynamics of each		Create compositions			
	grouped together.	pitch, timbre,	ideas with musical	background rhythm.	layer and understanding		individually and as part of			
	Be able to identify	texture in response	structures	Analyse and comment	the overall effect on the		a group in response to			
	and organise sounds	to a given stimulus.		on how sounds are	piece of music.		different stimuli.			
	into categories such			used to create different	Begin to recognise and					
	as low or high pitch,			moods.	explore different					
	loud or quiet				combinations of sounds.					
Responding and review	Responding and reviewing. (Appraisal skills)									
Explore and express	Be able to tell others	Be able to respond	Analyse and	Be able to explore and	Be able to recognise the	Be able to describe,	Be able to describe,			
ideas and feelings	how music makes	to different pieces	compare sounds	comment on the ways	ways sounds can be	compare and evaluate	compare and evaluate			
about music using	them feel such as it	of music, thinking		sounds can be used	combined and used	different types of music	different types of music			
movement, dance	makes me feel	about the mood of	Explore and explain	expressively.	expressively and	with increasing use of	using a range of			
and expressive	happy.	the music, changes	ideas and feelings		comment on this.	musical vocabulary.	appropriately chosen			
musical language	Be able to respond	in the sound and	about music using				musical vocabulary.			
	physically when	how it makes them	movement, dance							
	performing,	feel.	and expressive and							
	composing and		musical language							
	appraising music									
	(jump, dance, jiggle)									
Make ·	Can begin to make	Be able to identify	Reflect on and	Be able to comment on	Be able to comment on	Be able to comment on	Be able to comment on			
improvements to	simple suggestions	improvements that	improve their own	the effectiveness of	the effectiveness of their	the effectiveness and success of their own work	the effectiveness and			
their own work	about how they can	could be made to their own work and	and others' work in relation to its	their own work and	own work and that of		success of their own work			
	improve their ow	then make these	intended effect	that of their peers,	their peers, identifying, as	and that of their peers,	and that of their peers,			
	work e.g make it		intended effect	identifying, as clearly as	clearly as possible and	identifying, as clearly as	suggesting specific			
	faster, quieter	changes including thinking about		possible and making improvements.	making improvements based on its intended	possible and making improvements based on	improvements based on its intended outcome and			
		changing how they		improvements.	outcome.	its intended outcome.	how these can be			
		use their voices or			outcome.	its interided outcome.	achieved.			
		selecting a different					acilieveu.			
		instrument								
		instrument								
Listening and applying	Listening and applying knowledge and understanding									
Listen to music with	Can listen to a range	Can listen to music	Listen to music with	Can comment on music	Comment on likes and	Can listen for extended	Can listen to a piece of			
concentration and	of music and	and use a range of	an increasing	they like and dislike	dislikes of music using	periods of time and	music and accurately			
be able to describe,	describe it in terms	adjectives to	attention to detail	using appropriate	appropriate musical	comment using musical	identify the genre.			
simply, what they	of tempo (fast /	describe the timbre,	and be able to	musical vocabulary	vocabulary such as	vocabulary.	Can identify that music is			
have heard	slow) and dynamics	tempo and	describe in detail	such as dynamics,	dynamics, tempo, pitch,	Can understand that	often composed for			
	(loud / soft)	dynamics.	what they have	tempo, pitch including	pulse, including that from	musical often reflects the	occasions, culture and			
	Can begin to	Can begin to	heard	that from different	different traditions and	cultural context.	social reasons.			
	describe when and	describe when and		traditions and great	great composers and	Can identify some works	Can identify some works			
	why they might hear	why they might hear		composers and	musicians.	by great composers and	by great composers and			
	a piece of music	a piece of music		musicians.		think about how music	identify the period in			
	(march, lullaby)	using simple musical				has changed over time.	which they were written.			

Understand how combining the different elements of music can alter the mood and effect of the piece	and meanings.	vocabulary (quiet and smooth so good for a lullaby) gin to understand how m	nusical elements are cor	nbined together to create c	lifferent moods and effects a	nd that music can be used to	Can begin to think about how purpose, venue and occasion effects the way music is created and performed.  represent different moods
Notation of musical id	leas						
Be able to understand how sounds can be represented using signs and symbols	Be able to follow simple pictures and symbols to perform a piece of music. Begin to use shapes and sounds to represent music.	Can understand that rhythms and melodies can be represented using symbols or graphic notation.  Is able to clap back simple rhythmic patterns reading symbol or graphic notation.  Can record simple rhythmic patterns using patterns or graphic notation.	Be able to understand invented notations for representing music	Understands that a musical stave is five lines and each different line / space represents a different pitched note.  Can give the note name and length for crotchets and quavers.  Can clap back simple rhythms from standard notation using crotchets, quavers and their respective rests.  Is beginning to understand how dynamics are represented.	Can accurately name and use the notes on a treble stave, for example, 'Every Good Boy Deserves Football' for the lines and 'FACE' for the spaces. I can recognise and name the treble clef and time signature, for example, I can explain that the time signature dictates how many beats in a bar there are. Can accurately give note names for crotchets, quavers, minims, dotted minims and semibreves and know the value of each. With support, can begin to notate simple rhythms in three or four beats in a bar.	Can read and perform from the treble clef stave and has an awareness of the bass clef stave.  Can begin to invent more complex rhythms, notate them accurately and start to use bar lines.  Knows what is meant by the term time signature and can work out if the total number of beats in a bar is correct.	Can invent simple melodies and use treble clef stave to notate these. For those learning an instrument, bass clef stave should also begin to be used.  Has an understanding of the term chord as a triad of notes and can begin to represent these on a stave.

## Musical vocabulary and definitions

PULSE – steady beat of a piece of music

DYNAMICS – volume

TIMBRE – type of sound (whisper, talk, twinkly, hard)

TEXTURE – layers of sound put together

RHYTHM – pattern of long or short notes in a piece of music

PITCH – how high or low notes are

TEMPO – speed of the music

STRUCUTRE – layout of a piece of music such as verse, chorus, verse, ending

## **EYFS**

# **Understanding the World Technology**

### **Technology**

To recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes

Children can hear differences between pieces of music played to them.

When listening to pieces of music, children can recognise obvious changes in sound and respond to directions such as get faster or get louder.

When listening to pieces of music or watching pieces of music, they can describe if the music is fast or slow, loud or quiet, happy or sad.

Children can use technology to listen to, explore and combine sounds together.

# **Expressive Arts and Design**

#### **Exploring and Using Media and Materials**

To safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Children can explore how their voices can create different sounds.

Children can sing and chant as part of a group or on their own.

Children can play a range of tuned and untuned instruments, exploring how they make different sounds depending on how they are held and how they are played.

Children can explore combining the sounds of different instruments together.

### **Being Imaginative**

To use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

Children can describe how a piece of music makes them feel through pictures, movement or discussions.

Children can say what they like and dislike about a piece of music that they have listened to, watched or taken part in.

Children can explore sounds and textures using instruments and their voices to compose their own pieces of music in response to a given theme.