

Why does God have so many names?

Key Vocabulary:

Christianity, Islam, Judaism
God, Jehovah, Father, Creator (Yahweh)
Jesus, Christ, Saviour, Messiah, son
The Holy Spirit
Allah and the 99 names of Allah
Bible, Qu'ran, The Holy Trinity

Key Concept: Belief

Reflection:
Considering
different qualities
and interpretations
of God

Previous Knowledge

The Old and New Testaments and how
the Bible is not one book but a
collection of books.

The idea of The Holy Trinity in
Christianity.

Judaism

Monotheism

Jews believe in the oneness
of God, known as
monotheism. Jews believe
that God was the creator of the world and
everything in it. **God as eternal** Jews believe
that God is eternal. This means that he has
always existed and always will do.



God as judge They believe that God will
punish or reward his people depending on
how they acted during their time on Earth.
Jews believe God is judging humans every
moment of every day and he cares how
people treat one another.

Law-giver Many Jews and Christians
believe that God has given them laws by
which to live their lives through the Ten
Commandments.

Christianity

Christians believe that Jesus is the son of
God and The Holy Trinity
represents God. God is
The Father, Son and Holy
Spirit.



Metaphors, which describe Jesus in the Bible, tell
us more about his qualities and therefore the
qualities of God.

Islam

Muslim: A follower of the religion of Islam.

Allah: The Arabic name that
Muslims use for God.

How Muslim's show their respect
for God through calligraphy and
pattern.

The importance of the 99 names
of Allah and why learning them is important to
Muslims.



Key Learning :

Children will develop an understanding of how beliefs
may change over time and in different historical
contexts . They will look for connections within the
beliefs of different world religions.

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